

# Material/Product Safety Data Sheet (MSDS-PSDS)

DOC. No: AL/MSDS-RD-001-1 EDITION: A15 Date of issue: Jan.2021

### 1. Identification of the product and supplier

Identification of the product: Lithium Metal Batteries (non-rechargeable batteries)

--Primary Lithium/Thionyl chloride unit cells and multi-cell

battery packs (Li-SOCl<sub>2</sub>)

Lithium Batteries (non-rechargeable batteries)

Manufacturer: Able New Energy Co., Ltd

Longwo Industrial Zone, Longtian Community, Address:

Kengzi Office, Pingshan New District, Shenzhen,

China 518110

+86-755-29807563/7477/7564/7561 Telephone:

Fax: +86-755-29807571 Emergency Phone: USA 800-424-9300

International 703-527-3887

#### 2. Composition and information about the ingredients

Each cell consists of an hermetically sealed metallic container containing a number of chemicals and materials of construction of which the following could potentially be hazardous upon release.

apon rollador			
	Appr . Percent	Chemical	CHIP
	of Total Weight	Abstracts	Classification
	(%)	Service #	
Lithium (Li)	3.0~4.1	7439-93-2	<b>8</b>
Thionyl chloride (SOCl <sub>2</sub> )	39.2~45.5	7719-09-7	<b>X</b> .
Aluminum chloride anhydrous (AlCl <sub>3</sub> )	1~4.9	7446-70-0	
Carbon (C)	2.8~3.6	1333-86-4	NONE KNOWN
Amount varies depending on cell size			



# 3. Hazards identification

Do not short circuit, recharge, puncture, incinerate, crush, immerse, force discharge or expose to temperatures above the declared operating temperature range of the product. Risk of fire or explosion. The Lithium-Thionyl chloride batteries described in this Product Safety Data Sheet are sealed units which are not hazardous when used according to the recommendations of the manufacturer.

Under normal conditions of use, the electrode materials and electrolyte they contain are not exposed to the outside, provided the battery integrity is maintained and seals remain intact. Risk of exposure only in case of abuse (mechanical, thermal, electrical) which leads to the activation of safety valves and/or the rupture of the battery containers. Electrolyte leakage or battery vent/explosion/fire may follow, depending upon the circumstances.

#### 4. First aid measures

**Inhalation:** Remove from exposure, rest and keep warm, In severe cases obtain medical attention.

**Skin contact:** Wash off skin thoroughly with tap water. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In severe cases obtain medical attention.

Eye contact: Irrigate thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention

**Ingestion:** Wash out mouth thoroughly with water and give plenty of water to drink. Obtain medical attention

**Further treatment:** All cases of eye contamination, persistent skin irritation and casualties who have swallowed this substance or been affected by breathing its vapours should be seen by a Doctor.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

CO<sub>2</sub> extinguishers or copious quantities of water-based foam can be used to cool down burning Li-SOCl<sub>2</sub> cells and batteries, as long as the extend of the fire has not progressed to the point that the Lithium metal they contain is exposed.

Do not use for this purpose sand, dry powder or soda ash, graphite powder or fire blankets.

Use only metal (Class D) extinguishers on raw lithium.

Extinguishing Media: Use water or CO<sub>2</sub> on burning Li-SOCl<sub>2</sub> cells or batteries and class D fire extinguishing agent only on raw lithium.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Do not breathe vapours or touch liquid with bare hands.

If the skin has come into contact with the electrolyte it should be washed thoroughly with water.

Earth or sand should be used to absorb the exudation, seal leaking battery and earth in a heavy duty polythene bag and dispose of as Special Waste in accordance with local regulations.



# 7. Handling and storage

**Handling:** Do not crush, pierce, short (+) and (-) battery terminals with conductive (i.e. metal) goods. Do not directly heat or solder. Do not throw into fire.

Do not mix batteries of different types and brands. Do not mix new and used batteries. Keep batteries in non conductive (i.e. plastic) trays.

**Storage:** Store in a cool (preferably below 30°C) and ventilated area, away from moisture, sources of heat, open flames, food and drink. Keep adequate clearance between walls and batteries. Temperature above 100°C may result in battery leakage and rupture. Since short circuit can cause burn, leakage and rupture hazard, keep batteries in original packaging until use and do not jumble them.

**Other:** Lithium-Thionyl chloride batteries are not rechargeable and should not be tentatively charged.

Follow Manufacturers recommendations regarding maximum recommended currents and operating temperature range.

Applying pressure on deforming the battery may lead to disassembly followed by eye, skin and throat irritation.

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure standard	Compound Sulfur dioxide	8hr TWA 1 ppm	15min TWA 1 ppm	SK -
Staridard	Hydrogen chloride 1 ppm 5 ppm			
	In all fire situations, use apparatus.	e self-conta	ined breathing	
Hand protection	In the event of leakage wear gloves.			
Eye Protection	Safety glasses are recommended during handling			ing
Other	In the event of leakage,	wear chem	ical apron.	

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Cylindrical shape

**Odour:** If leaking, gives off a pungent corrosive odour.

pH: Not applicable.

**Flash Point:** Not applicable unless individual components exposed.

**Flammability:** Not applicable unless individual components exposed.

Relative density: Not applicable unless individual components exposed



Solubility (water): Not applicable unless individual components exposed

Solubility (other): Not applicable unless individual components exposed

### 10. Stability and reactivity

Product is stable under conditions described in Section 7.

**Conditions to avoid:** Heat above 100°C or incinerate. Deform. Mutilate. Crush. Pierce. Disassemble Recharge. Short circuit. Expose over a long period to humid conditions.

**Materials to avoid:** Oxidising agents, alkalis, water. Avoid electrolyte contact with aluminum or zinc.

**Hazardous decomposition Products**: Hydrogen  $(H_2)$  as well as Lithium oxide  $(Li_2O)$  and Lithium hydroxide (LiOH) dust is produced in case of reaction of lithium metal with water. Chlorine  $(Cl_2)$ , Sulfur dioxide  $(SO_2)$  and Disulfur dichloride  $(S_2Cl_2)$  are produced in case of thermal decomposition of *thionyl chloride* above 140°C.

Hydrochloric acid (HCI) and Sulfur dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>) are produced in case of reaction of *Thionyl* chloride with water at room temperature.

Hydrochloric acid (HCl) fumes, Lithium oxide, (Li<sub>2</sub>O), Lithium hydroxide (LiOH) and Aluminum hydroxide (Al(OH)<sub>3</sub>) dust are produced in case of reaction of Lithium tetrachloroaluminate (LiAlCl4) with water.

#### 11. Toxicological information

**Signs & symptoms:** None, unless battery ruptures. In the event of exposure to internal contents, corrosive fumes will be very irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Overexposure can cause symptoms of non-fibrotic lung injury and membrane irritation. **Inhalation:** Lung irritant.

Skin contact: Skin irritant

**Eye contact:** Eye irritant

**Ingestion:** Tissue damage to throat and gastro-respiratory tract if swallowed.

**Medical conditions generally aggravated by exposure:** In the event of exposure to internal contents, eczema, skin allergies, lung injuries, asthma and other respiratory disorders may occur.

#### 12. Ecological information

Mammalian effects: None known if used/disposed of correctly.

**Eco-toxicity:** None known if used/disposed of correctly.

**Bioaccumulation potential:** None known if used/disposed of correctly.

Environmental fate: None known if used/disposed of correctly.

#### 13. Disposal consideration



Do not incinerate, or subject cells to temperature in excess of 100°C, Such abuse can result in loss of seal, leakage, and/or cell explosion. Dispose of in accordance with appropriate local regulations.

### 14. Transport information

Restriction for the transport: Codes and classifications according to the United Nation Regulations.

In all cases, refer to the product transport certificate issued by the authorized laboratories.

Hazard classification: Class 9

Shipping name: Lithium Metal Batteries.

CAS: See Part 2 EmS No: F-A, S-I ADR class: Class 9

### Air transport: in accordance to the 62nd IATA.

Lithium Metal batteries	Lithium Metal batteries	Lithium Metal batteries
UN3090	Packed with Equipment UN3091	Contained in Equipment UN3091
Packing Instruction 968, Section IB	Packing Instruction 969, Section II	Packing Instruction 970, Section II
Cells ≤ 1 g; Batteries ≤ 2 g UN3090 PI 968 Section IB IMP: RBM  Note: "IB" must be used if package exceeds Section II limits and more than 1 package  Limit per package: Pax A/C = forbidden CAO = 2.5 kg	Cells ≤ 1 g; Batteries ≤ 2 g UN3091 PI 969 Section II IMP: ELM  Limit per package: Pax A/C = 5 kg CAO = 5 kg	Cells ≤ 1 g; Batteries ≤ 2 g UN3091 PI 970 Section II * IMP: ELM  Limit per package: Pax A/C = 5 kg CAO = 5 kg



#### Sea transport: not hazardous in accordance to IMDG

IMDG Code:SP188 Marine pollutant: None

However, since it corresponds to special provision 188 of IMO-IMDG Code, this batteries and cells can be shipped as not restricted goods.

### 15. Regulation information

Here below are shown the nature of special risks and the advices of caution.

Risk	Lithium	R14/15	Reacts violently with water, liberating
phrases		R21	extremely flammable gases.
		R22	Harmful in contact with skin.
		R35	Harmful if swallowed.
		R41	Causes burns.
		R42/43	Risk of serious damage to eye.
			May cause sensitization by inhalation and
			skin contact.
	Thionyl	R14 R22	Reacts with water.
	chloride	R35 R37	Harmful if swallowed.
	(SOCI <sub>2</sub> )	R41	Causes burns.
		R42/43	Irritating to respiratory system.
			Risk of serious damage to eye.
			May cause sensitization by inhalation and
			skin contact.
	Aluminum		Reacts with water.
	chloride	R37 R41	Harmful if swallowed.
	anhydrous	R43	Irritating to respiratory system.
	(AICI <sub>3</sub> )		Risk of serious damage to eye.
			May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Safety phrases	Lithium (Li)	S2 S8	Keep out of reach of children Keep away from moisture
piliases	(LI)	S45	In case of incident, seek medical attention
	Thionyl	S2	Keep out of reach of children.
	chloride	S8	Keep away from moisture.
	(SOCI <sub>2</sub> )	<b>S24</b>	Avoid contact with skin.
	. 2	S26	In case of contact with eyes, rinse
		S36	immediately with plenty of water.
		S37	Wear suitable protective clothing.
		S45	Wear suitable gloves.
			In case of incident, seek medical attention.
	Aluminum	S2	Keep out of reach of children.
	chloride	S8 S22	Keep away from moisture.
	anhydrous	S24 S26	Do not breathe dust.
	(AICI <sub>2</sub> )	S36	Avoid contact with skin.
	3		In case of contact with eyes, rinse
			immediately with plenty of water.
			Wear suitable protective clothing.
UK regulatory references	Classified under CHIP		

Remove to fresh air immediately and to avoid any eye and skin contact.

Use self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective gear not to inhale harmful gas.

### 16. Other information



This information has been compiled from sources considered to be dependable and is, to the best of our knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date compiled, However, no representation, warranty (either expressed or implied) or guarantee is made to the accuracy, reliability, or completeness of the information contained herein.

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